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THE LABOR MARKET REPORT

Tennessee Department of Employment Security

Data for May 1990

Ned Ray McWherter, Governor

Rayburn A. Traughber, Commissioner

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TENNESSEE LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES IN 1989

For the third consecutive year, Tennessee's employment rose and unemployment declined, according to the U.S. Department of Labor. The unemployment rate declined to an average of 5.1 percent in 1989, compared to 5.8 percent in 1988. The national unemployment rate was 5.3 percent in 1989, down from 5.5 percent in 1988.

Women accounted for all of the 33,000 employment growth in Tennessee last year with the number of employed women increasing by 33,000 and the number of employed men declining slightly by 1,000. Men and women both shared in the decline in unemployment last year with the number of unemployed men decreasing by 9,000 and women by 6,000.

Tennessee's 5.1 percent unemployment rate was the 23rd highest of the 50 states and the District of Columbia and was 0.2 percentage point below the U.S. rate of 5.3 percent. State unemployment rates ranged from a high of 8.6 percent of the labor force in West Virginia to a low of 2.6 percent in Hawaii. Rates in the Southeast varied from a low of 3.5 percent in North Carolina to a high of 7.8 percent in Mississippi.

In Tennessee, the unemployment rate for men declined from 5.4 percent in 1988 to 4.8 percent in 1989. The rate for women also was down over the year, from 6.3 percent to 5.5 percent. The teenage rate edged up slightly, from 14.8 percent in 1988 to 14.9 percent in 1989.

TENNESSEE 1989 ANNUAL AVERAGES

	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	RATE
TOTAL	2,368,000	2,247,000	121,000	5.1
Men	1,284,000	1,222,000	61,000	4.8
Women	1,085,000	1,025,000	60,000	5.5
Both sexes (16-19 years)	154,000	131,000	23,000	14.9
WHITE	1,984,000	1,895,000	89,000	4.5
Men	1,089,000	1,044,000	45,000	4.1
Women	895,000	851,000	44,000	4.9
Both sexes (16-19 years)	126,000	108,000	18,000	14.7
BLACK	370,000	339,000	31,000	8.4
Men	186,000	170,000	16,000	8.7
Women	184,000	169,000	15,000	8.0

Note: Due to rounding, figures may not add.

Unemployment by race varied widely in Tennessee, averaging 4.5 percent for whites and 8.4 percent for blacks. The overall unemployment rate for blacks dropped from 10.9 percent to 8.4 percent from 1988 to 1989. For black women, the rate decreased from 11.3 percent to 8.0 percent, and for black men, from 10.6 percent to 8.7 percent. White unemployment also improved over the year with the overall rate decreasing from 4.9 percent in 1988 to 4.5 percent in 1989. The rate for white men declined from 4.6 to 4.1 percent, and for white women, from 5.3 percent to 4.9 percent in 1989.

Contrary to the last several years, 1989 unemployment rates for some groups of workers were lower in Tennessee than the national averages. The rate for men in Tennessee was 4.8 percent, compared to 5.2 percent for the nation. Female unemployment, at 5.5 percent, was slightly higher than the national rate of 5.4 percent. White unemployment stood at 4.5 percent for both Tennessee and the nation, while black unemployment at 8.4 percent was considerably lower than the U.S. rate of 11.4 percent. Tennessee's teenage rate, at 14.9 percent, was about the same as the national average of 15.0 percent.

PER CAPITA INCOME AND POPULATION, BY STATES AND REGIONS, 1988 AND 1989

The U.S. Department of Commerce recently released 1989 per capita personal income (PCPI) estimates for all states and regions. PCPI is produced by dividing the total personal income of residents (for the year) by the resident population as of July 1.

Per capita income grew faster in 1989 than in 1988 in the Southwest, Plains, Rocky Mountain, and Great Lakes regions. In 1989, per capita income in the Southwest, at $15,231, was lower than any other region followed by the Rocky Mountain region at $15,316. In the Plains region, per capita income was $16,231, and in the Great Lakes region, it was $17,387. In the New England, Midwest, and Southeast regions, per capita income grew slower in 1989 than in 1988, and in the Far West region, it grew at the same rate in 1989 as in 1988. The Mideast region, with per capita income of $20,321 in 1989, ranked second to the New England region which was $21,509. Per capita income was $15,423 in the Southeast and $19,153 in the Far West region.

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

County	May 1989	May 1990	County	May 1989	May 1990
Anderson	5.9	5.5	Lauderdale	7.7	6.9
Bedford	6.5	6.4	Lawrence	9.5	7.1
Benton	6.0	6.8	Lewis	5.8	8.2
Bledsoe	4.0	3.6	Lincoln	4.7	4.6
Blount	8.5	5.2	Loudon	5.2	5.0
Bradley	4.6	5.3	Macon	7.3	7.0
Campbell	10.5	10.0	Madison	5.1	5.5
Cannon	7.5	8.1	Marion	8.9	6.7
Carroll	6.3	6.4	Marshall	3.3	5.0
Carter	7.6	5.1	Maury	4.4	5.8
Cheatham	3.6	4.0	McMinn	6.7	7.9
Chester	5.3	6.3	McNairy	8.2	8.3
Claiborne	6.9	5.9	Meigs	10.8	9.2
Clay	3.8	2.9	Monroe	8.3	7.0
Cocke	10.6	9.6	Montgomery	5.2	7.8
Coffee	5.3	5.1	Moore	5.9	5.4
Crockett	4.9	4.7	Morgan	8.6	9.8
Cumberland	7.2	7.4	Obion	5.0	5.2
Davidson	4.0	3.8	Overton	6.9	7.6
Decatur	8.6	10.0	Perry	4.7	5.7
DeKalb	6.3	6.1	Pickett	6.6	7.8
Dickson	5.5	5.7	Polk	10.9	12.0
Dyer	4.6	5.0	Putnam	5.7	5.4
Fayette	6.0	6.5	Rhea	8.8	6.9
Fentress	9.8	10.3	Roane	5.5	7.4
Franklin	4.9	4.7	Robertson	4.7	6.0
Gibson	6.9	8.0	Rutherford	4.0	4.3
Giles	5.8	5.5	Scott	10.3	7.2
Grainger	7.1	5.9	Sequatchie	5.8	4.9
Greene	7.2	8.0	Sevier	6.1	6.5
Grundy	7.8	8.7	Shelby	5.1	4.6
Hamblen	6.0	6.2	Smith	5.7	6.7
Hamilton	5.6	4.4	Stewart	6.0	5.8
Hancock	5.1	4.7	Sullivan	3.9	4.3
Hardeman	5.4	7.3	Sumner	4.6	5.0
Hardin	8.2	8.0	Tipton	6.8	5.8
Hawkins	5.9	5.0	Trousdale	4.5	5.5
Haywood	7.5	7.4	Unicoi	9.0	6.8
Henderson	6.3	7.6	Union	6.7	5.3
Henry	6.2	7.1	Van Buren	6.1	8.2
Hickman	5.6	16.3	Warren	6.7	7.9
Houston	8.3	13.5	Washington	5.8	4.6
Humphreys	10.8	20.1	Wayne	7.4	6.5
Jackson	6.9	6.9	Weakley	4.9	5.6
Jefferson	5.4	6.5	White	7.7	10.3
Johnson	15.0	6.7	Williamson	2.6	2.5
Knox	4.7	4.5	Wilson	4.2	5.5
Lake	5.8	5.6			

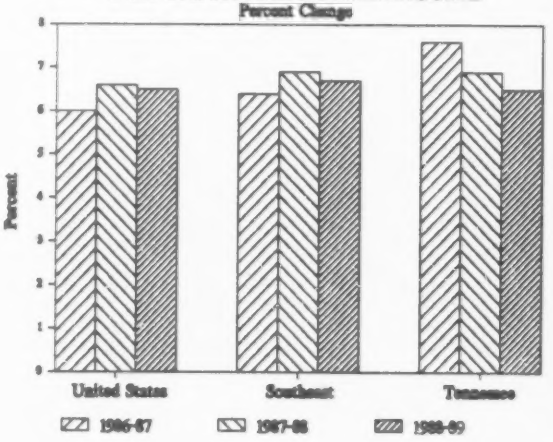
PER CAPITA INCOME AND POPULATION, BY STATE AND REGION, 1988 AND 1989

	PER CAPITA INCOME 1988	PER CAPITA INCOME 1989	PERCENT CHANGE 1988-89	PERCENT OF NATIONAL AVERAGE	RANK IN U.S.	POPULATION THOUSANDS OF PERSONS 1988	POPULATION THOUSANDS OF PERSONS 1989	PERCENT CHANGE 1988-89
UNITED STATES	16,491	17,567	6.5	100		245,785	248,239	1.0
NEW ENGLAND	20,171	21,509	6.6	122		12,965	13,047	0.6
CONNECTICUT	23,039	24,604	6.8	140	1	3,232	3,239	0.2
MAINE	15,088	16,310	8.1	93	25	1,206	1,222	1.4
MASSACHUSETTS	20,834	22,196	6.5	126	3	5,890	5,913	0.4
NEW HAMPSHIRE	19,230	20,251	5.3	115	7	1,085	1,107	2.0
RHODE ISLAND	16,846	18,061	7.2	103	14	993	998	0.5
VERMONT	15,303	16,399	7.2	93	24	558	567	1.6
MIDEAST	18,975	20,321	7.1	116		43,524	43,697	0.4
DELAWARE	17,593	19,116	8.0	109	9	660	673	1.9
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	21,471	23,436	9.2	133	-	613	604	-1.5
MARYLAND	19,565	21,020	7.4	120	5	4,626	4,694	1.5
NEW JERSEY	22,146	23,764	7.3	135	2	7,718	7,736	0.2
NEW YORK	19,261	20,540	6.6	117	6	17,909	17,950	0.2
PENNSYLVANIA	16,224	17,422	7.4	99	20	11,998	12,040	0.3
GREAT LAKES	16,242	17,387	7.0	109		42,108	42,296	0.5
ILLINOIS	17,588	18,858	7.2	107	11	11,613	11,658	0.4
INDIANA	14,856	16,005	7.7	91	28	5,559	5,593	0.6
MICHIGAN	16,544	17,745	7.3	101	16	9,240	9,273	0.4
OHIO	15,580	16,499	6.2	94	22	10,865	10,907	0.4
WISCONSIN	15,625	16,759	7.3	96	21	4,832	4,867	0.7
PLAINS	15,391	16,231	5.5	99		17,759	17,851	0.5
IOWA	14,680	15,524	5.7	88	31	2,830	2,840	0.3
KANSAS	15,736	16,182	2.8	92	27	2,496	2,513	0.7
MINNESOTA	16,649	17,746	6.6	101	15	4,308	4,353	1.0
MISSOURI	15,458	16,431	6.3	94	23	5,140	5,159	0.4
NEBRASKA	14,783	15,360	3.9	87	33	1,605	1,611	0.5
NORTH DAKOTA	12,764	13,261	3.9	75	43	667	660	-1.1
SOUTH DAKOTA	12,741	13,244	3.9	75	44	714	715	0.2
SOUTHEAST	14,461	15,423	6.7	92		58,670	59,337	1.1
ALABAMA	12,845	13,679	6.5	78	41	4,103	4,118	0.4
ARKANSAS	12,212	12,984	6.3	74	48	2,396	2,406	0.4
FLORIDA	16,603	17,694	6.6	101	17	12,338	12,671	2.7
GEORGIA	15,273	16,188	6.0	92	26	6,339	6,436	1.5
KENTUCKY	12,830	13,777	7.4	78	39	3,726	3,727	0.0
LOUISIANA	12,296	13,041	6.0	74	46	4,407	4,382	-0.6
MISSISSIPPI	11,123	11,835	6.4	67	50	2,630	2,621	0.0
NORTH CAROLINA	14,293	15,221	6.5	87	34	6,489	6,571	1.3
SOUTH CAROLINA	12,934	13,616	5.3	78	42	3,465	3,512	1.4
TENNESSEE	13,859	14,765	6.5	84	35	4,898	4,940	0.9
VIRGINIA	17,671	18,970	7.4	108	10	6,013	6,098	1.4
WEST VIRGINIA	11,696	12,529	7.1	71	49	1,876	1,857	-1.0
SOUTHWEST	14,361	15,231	6.1	88		25,061	25,299	0.9
ARIZONIA	15,000	15,881	5.9	90	29	3,483	3,556	2.1
NEW MEXICO	12,469	13,191	5.8	75	45	1,510	1,528	1.2
OKLAHOMA	13,355	14,151	6.0	81	36	3,234	3,224	-0.3
TEXAS	14,592	15,483	6.1	88	32	16,834	16,991	0.9
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	14,355	15,316	6.7	87		7,279	7,318	0.5
COLORADO	16,465	17,494	6.2	100	19	3,300	3,317	0.5
IDAHO	12,596	13,762	9.3	78	40	1,003	1,014	1.1
MONTANA	12,896	13,852	7.4	79	38	805	806	0.1
UTAH	12,180	13,027	7.0	74	47	1,691	1,707	0.9
WYOMING	13,634	14,135	3.7	80	37	480	475	-1.0
FAR WEST	18,138	19,153	5.6	87		36,797	37,755	2.6
CALIFORNIA	18,757	19,740	5.2	112	8	28,323	29,063	2.6
NEVADA	17,521	18,827	7.5	107	12	1,054	1,111	5.3
OREGON	14,876	15,785	6.1	90	30	2,768	2,820	1.9
WASHINGTON	16,452	17,640	7.2	100	18	4,652	4,761	2.3
ALASKA	19,042	21,173	11.2	121	4	525	527	0.4
HAWAII	16,775	18,306	9.1	104	13	1,096	1,112	1.5

PERCENT CHANGE IN PER CAPITA INCOME

	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89
UNITED STATES	6.0	6.6	6.5
SOUTHEAST	6.4	6.9	6.7
ALABAMA	6.0	6.7	6.5
ARKANSAS	4.1	6.8	6.3
FLORIDA	6.5	6.5	6.6
GEORGIA	6.5	6.2	6.0
KENTUCKY	6.5	6.8	7.4
LOUISANA	2.2	6.9	6.0
MISSISSIPPI	6.6	7.8	6.4
NORTH CAROLINA	7.0	7.2	6.5
SOUTH CAROLINA	6.5	7.1	5.3
TENNESSEE	7.6	6.9	6.5
VIRGINIA	7.1	6.8	7.4
WEST VIRGINIA	4.4	6.3	7.1

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME



TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	May 1989				Revised April 1990				Preliminary May 1990			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
U.S.[1]	123,196,000	117,039,000	6,156,000	5.0	123,816,000	117,359,000	6,457,000	5.2	124,640,000	118,277,000	6,363,000	5.1
TENNESSEE[2]	2,353,200	2,225,500	127,700	5.4	2,372,000	2,255,400	116,600	4.9	2,390,100	2,261,700	128,400	5.4
METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS[2]												
CHATTANOOGA	208,000	196,100	11,900	5.7	207,900	198,800	9,100	4.4	207,900	198,500	9,400	4.5
JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL	216,400	205,200	11,200	5.2	218,600	209,600	9,000	4.1	218,600	207,900	10,700	4.9
KNOXVILLE	289,200	273,100	16,100	5.6	284,800	269,900	14,900	5.2	287,100	272,600	14,500	5.1
MEMPHIS	462,600	438,100	24,500	5.3	467,300	446,900	20,400	4.4	469,200	446,700	22,500	4.8
NASHVILLE	527,500	506,400	21,100	4.0	524,900	505,100	19,800	3.8	527,900	506,100	21,800	4.1

[1] Error range for these estimates is plus or minus 0.2 percentage points.

[2] Error range for these estimates cannot be computed.

Tennessee's estimated May unemployment rate at 5.4 percent reflects a five-tenths of a percentage point increase over April and makes the unemployment rate the same as May 1989. The unemployment rate went up mainly because students from colleges and universities began looking for work.

The national unemployment rate in May was 5.1 percent, down one-tenth of a percentage point from April, and one-tenth of a percentage point higher than the 5.0 percent of a year ago.

Across the state the unemployment rate increased in 67 counties, decreased in 23 counties, and remained the same in five counties. Williamson County at 2.5 percent had the state's lowest unemployment rate. Humphreys County had the highest rate at 20.1 percent, due to layoffs of seasonal government employees.

Tennessee's total nonagricultural employment was 2,182,000 in May, an increase of 7,100 jobs over April. In the goods producing industries, employment was up by 800 jobs in construction and up by 400 jobs both in food and in furniture and fixtures. Service producing jobs accounted for an increase of 6,200 jobs with the majority of the growth occurring in federal government, up by 3,000 due to temporary employment connected with the U.S. Census. Other increases included growth in retail trade, up by 2,300, and services, up by 1,700.

Over the year goods producing industries showed increases in paper, up by 1,400, and chemicals, up by 1,000. Jobs in the services industry increased by 12,200 over the year, mainly due to a 5,200 increase in health services.

STATEWIDE

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT* (In thousands)

Industry	May 1989	Revised April 1990	Preliminary May 1990	Net Change May 1989 to May 1990	Net Change Apr. 1990 to May 1990
TOTAL	2,158.3	2,174.9	2,182.0	23.7	7.1
Goods Producing	628.9	626.6	627.5	-1.4	0.9
Manufacturing	524.6	522.6	522.8	-1.8	0.2
Durable Goods	263.3	259.6	260.3	-3.0	0.7
Lumber & Wood Products	21.5	21.1	21.3	-0.2	0.2
Furniture & Fixtures	27.9	27.4	27.8	-0.1	0.4
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	14.9	14.3	14.5	-0.4	0.2
Primary Metal Industries	15.9	14.8	14.7	-1.2	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	42.8	42.5	42.4	-0.4	-0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	40.9	39.6	39.8	-1.1	0.2
Electronic & Other Electric Equip.	39.5	39.0	38.9	-0.6	-0.1
Transportation Equipment	36.9	37.3	37.1	0.2	-0.2
Instruments & Related Products	10.6	11.2	11.2	0.5	0.0
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	12.3	12.4	12.6	0.3	0.2
Nondurable Goods	261.3	263.0	262.5	1.2	-0.5
Food & Kindred Products	38.7	38.5	38.9	0.2	0.4
Meat Products	8.2	8.3	8.4	0.2	0.1
Tobacco	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.0	-0.1
Textile Mill Products	22.7	22.0	21.8	-0.9	-0.2
Knitting Mills	11.4	10.4	10.3	-1.1	-0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	64.7	64.1	63.7	-1.0	-0.4
Paper & Allied Products	20.7	22.0	22.1	1.4	0.1
Printing & Publishing	36.6	37.5	37.3	0.7	-0.2
Chemicals & Allied Products	39.0	40.0	40.0	1.0	0.0
Petroleum Refining, Etc.	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.1	0.0
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	27.5	27.4	27.3	-0.2	-0.1
Leather & Leather Products	9.5	9.5	9.5	0.0	0.0
Mining	6.4	6.5	6.4	0.0	-0.1
Construction	97.9	97.5	98.3	0.4	0.8
Service Producing	1,529.4	1,548.3	1,554.5	25.1	6.2
Transportation, Communication, & Public Util.	115.2	115.0	115.4	0.2	0.4
Transportation	88.8	88.7	89.2	0.4	0.5
Communications & Public Utilities	26.4	26.3	26.2	-0.2	-0.1
Trade	507.3	506.7	508.8	1.5	2.1
Wholesale Trade	129.3	130.2	130.0	0.7	-0.2
Durable Goods	73.9	74.5	74.3	0.4	-0.2
Nondurable Goods	55.4	55.7	55.7	0.3	0.0
Retail Trade	378.0	376.5	378.8	0.8	2.3
Building Materials & Garden Supplies	15.7	15.4	15.4	-0.3	0.0
Retail General Merchandise	53.9	55.4	55.8	1.9	0.4
Food Stores	65.4	67.0	67.3	1.9	0.3
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	43.0	42.9	43.1	0.1	0.2
Apparel & Accessory Stores	21.4	20.2	20.2	-1.2	0.0
Furniture & Home Furnishings	14.4	13.3	13.3	-1.1	0.0
Eating & Drinking Places	121.3	121.3	122.9	1.6	1.6
Miscellaneous Retail	42.8	41.0	40.8	-2.0	-0.2
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	103.8	103.1	103.6	-0.2	0.5
Finance	46.2	45.5	45.7	-0.5	0.2
Insurance	35.4	35.9	35.9	0.5	0.0
Real Estate & Investment Offices	22.2	21.8	22.0	-0.2	0.2
Services	466.0	476.5	478.2	12.2	1.7
Hotels & Other Lodging	31.0	30.7	30.9	-0.1	0.2
Personal Services	24.3	24.6	24.6	0.3	0.0
Business Services	88.1	90.1	90.5	2.4	0.4
Health Services	145.2	149.9	150.4	5.2	0.5
Hospitals	69.0	71.4	71.3	2.3	-0.1
Government	337.0	347.0	348.5	11.5	1.5
Federal	62.5	66.9	69.9	7.4	3.0
State & Local	274.5	280.1	278.6	4.1	-1.5
State	75.9	80.0	77.8	1.9	-2.2
Local	198.6	200.1	200.8	2.2	0.7

*Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

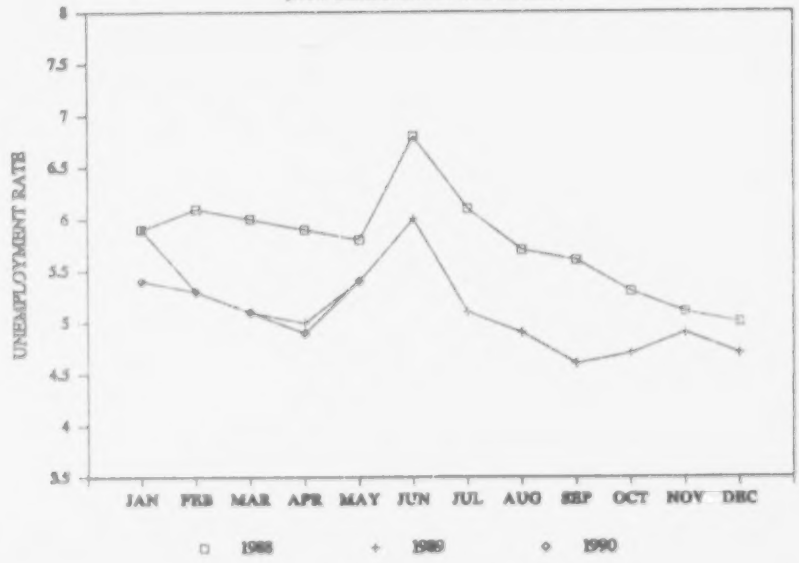
Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1989	April 1990	May 1990	May 1989	April 1990	May 1990	May 1989	April 1990	May 1990
All Manufacturing	378.22	355.10	368.77	40.8	37.3	38.9	9.27	9.52	9.48
Durable Goods	399.49	362.36	380.00	41.1	36.9	38.5	9.72	9.82	9.87
Lumber & Wood Products	249.25	242.94	250.13	39.5	37.9	38.6	6.31	6.41	6.48
Furniture & Fixtures	308.86	274.97	283.72	38.8	34.2	34.6	7.96	8.04	8.20
Stone, Clay, & Glass	555.36	522.08	564.43	44.5	41.8	44.2	12.48	12.49	12.77
Primary Metal Industries	507.48	472.37	493.00	43.3	41.4	43.9	11.72	11.41	11.23
Fabricated Metal Products	425.18	396.41	406.43	41.4	38.3	40.2	10.27	10.35	10.16
Ind. Machinery, Electronic, & Other Electric Equipment	386.22	408.18	352.28	40.4	39.9	37.2	9.56	10.23	9.47
Instruments & Related Products	403.50	355.32	418.18	41.3	39.7	40.6	9.77	8.95	10.30
Nondurable Goods	356.40	348.52	356.84	40.5	37.8	39.3	8.80	9.22	9.08
Food & Kindred Products	364.11	341.15	353.57	41.9	38.9	40.5	8.69	8.77	8.73
Textile Mill Products	307.52	300.60	298.58	41.5	39.5	39.6	7.41	7.61	7.54
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	219.46	204.29	219.60	38.1	33.6	36.0	5.76	6.08	6.10
Paper & Allied Products	530.12	493.85	539.44	45.7	41.5	44.0	11.60	11.90	12.26
Chemical & Allied Products	505.41	504.64	475.90	42.4	41.5	41.6	11.92	12.16	11.44
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	448.95	451.39	467.04	41.0	39.7	41.7	10.95	11.37	11.20
Leather & Leather Products	254.38	236.31	241.93	39.5	34.1	36.6	6.44	6.93	6.61

TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

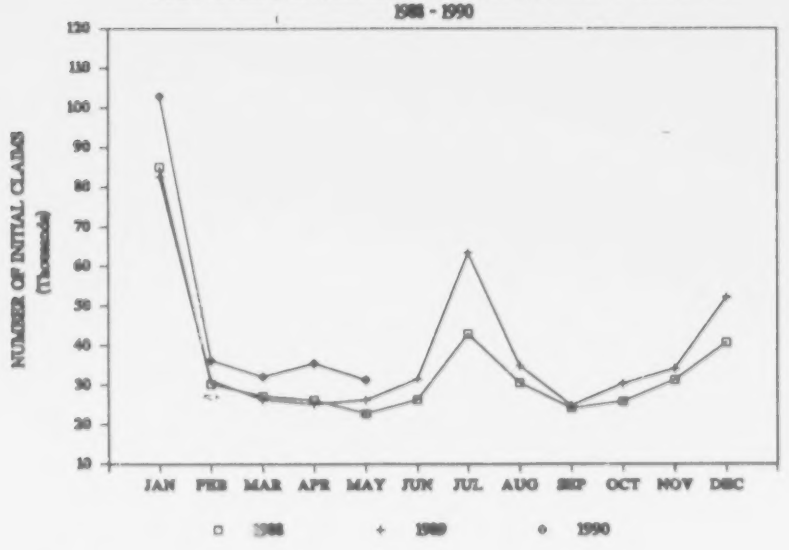
(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

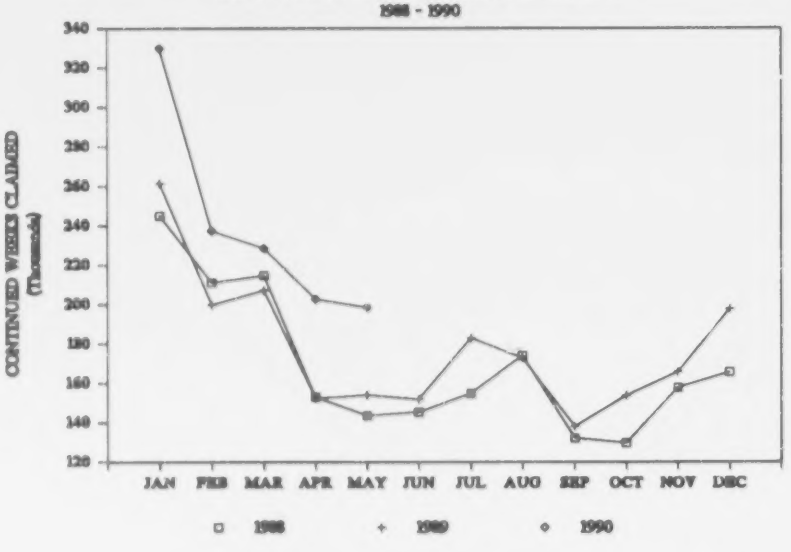
MONTHLY INITIAL UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS

1988 - 1990



MONTHLY UI WEEKS CLAIMED

1988 - 1990



STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM

CLAIMS	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990
Initial Claims	26,237	35,535	31,342
Continued Weeks Claimed	154,058	202,790	198,566
Nonmonetary Determinations	3,878	3,597	3,670
Appeals Decisions	1,244	1,078	1,390
Lower Authority	1,026	896	1,176
Higher Authority	218	182	214

BENEFITS			
Amount Paid	$14,857,091	$20,444,453	$20,051,073
Benefit Weeks Paid	136,989	181,654	175,843
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$109	$112	$113
First Payments	8,988	11,763	11,524
Final Payments	3,931	4,536	4,935
Average Weeks Duration	11	11	11
Trust Fund Balance	$625,258,642	$625,352,261	$678,009,210

FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS

FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES:	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990
Benefits Paid	$819,163	$484,415	$510,315
Benefit Weeks Claimed	4,787	2,624	2,783
Initial Claims	587	352	440
Continued Weeks Claimed	5,048	2,846	3,182
Appeals Decisions	10	15	25

FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL:			
Benefits Paid	$168,550	$230,216	$257,234
Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,163	1,497	1,688
Initial Claims	212	250	256
Continued Weeks Claimed	1,317	1,724	1,951
Appeals Decisions	7	4	4

CHATTANOOGA MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 700 between April and May but was up 2,100 or 1.1 percent over the year. May employment in the construction industry decreased by 200 jobs due to layoffs. Government decreased by 700 and retail trade declined by 300 jobs each due to layoffs. Services accounted for 300 new jobs in May and increased by 2,400 over the year.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	May 1989	Revised April 1990	Preliminary May 1990	Net Change May 1989 to May 1990	Net Change Apr. 1990 to May 1990
TOTAL	196.0	197.8	197.1	2.1	-0.7
Goods Producing	55.6	56.2	56.1	0.5	-0.1
Manufacturing	47.3	47.1	47.2	-0.1	0.1
Durable Goods	18.6	18.1	17.9	-0.7	-0.2
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	1.3	1.2	1.1	-0.2	-0.1
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	3.9	3.6	3.6	-0.3	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	4.0	4.3	4.2	0.2	-0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	3.1	2.6	2.7	-0.4	0.1
All Other Durable Goods	5.4	5.5	5.4	0.0	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	28.7	29.0	29.3	0.6	0.3
Food & Kindred Products	6.9	6.7	6.7	-0.2	0.0
Textile Mill Products	11.8	12.4	12.6	0.8	0.2
Knitting Mills	2.5	2.6	2.6	0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	1.9	1.8	1.9	0.0	0.1
Printing & Publishing	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	3.5	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Mining	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.1	0.0
Construction	7.6	8.3	8.1	0.5	-0.2
Service Producing	139.4	141.6	141.0	1.6	-0.6
Trans., Communication, & Public Utilities	8.0	7.9	7.9	-0.1	0.0
Trade	47.0	45.6	45.4	-1.6	-0.2
Wholesale Trade	11.5	11.4	11.5	0.0	0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	7.0	6.8	6.8	-0.2	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	4.5	4.6	4.7	0.2	0.1
Retail Trade	35.5	34.2	33.9	-1.6	-0.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	12.5	13.1	13.1	0.6	0.0
Services	38.6	40.7	41.0	2.4	0.3
Government	33.3	34.3	33.6	0.3	-0.7
Federal	9.3	9.5	9.2	-0.1	-0.3
State & Local	24.0	24.8	24.4	0.4	-0.4
State	5.9	6.0	5.7	-0.2	-0.3
Local	18.1	18.8	18.7	0.6	-0.1

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

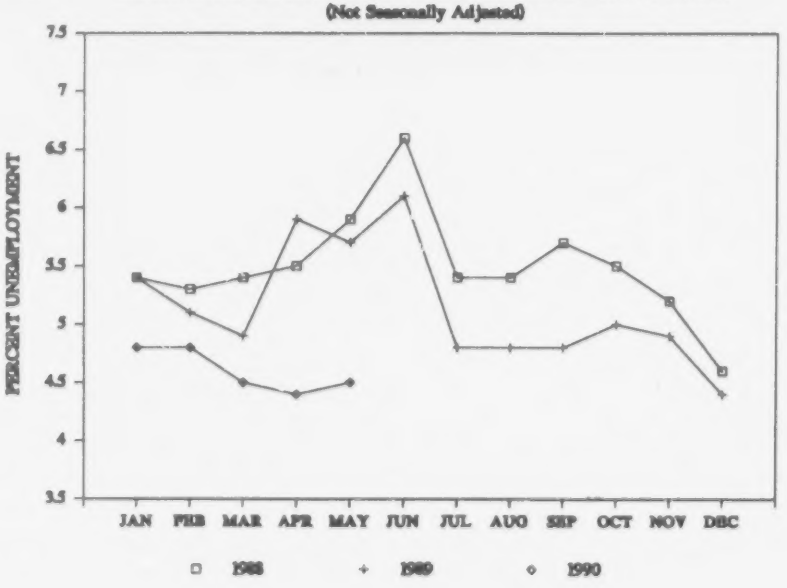
*The Chattanooga Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Hamilton, Marion, and Sequatchie counties in Tennessee and Catoosa, Dade, and Walker counties in Georgia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **CHATTANOOGA MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990
All Manufacturing	343.62	334.78	339.16	41.5	38.0	39.3	8.28	8.81	8.63
Durable Goods	375.36	347.38	364.81	41.8	38.3	40.4	8.98	9.07	9.03
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	340.90	295.61	307.38	42.4	43.6	43.6	8.04	6.78	7.05
Primary Metal Industries	430.14	407.69	430.01	44.9	41.9	43.7	9.58	9.73	9.84
Fabricated Metal Products	466.09	346.61	369.08	42.8	33.2	37.7	10.89	10.44	9.79
Machinery, Except Electrical	454.51	490.86	503.48	40.8	40.4	41.1	11.14	12.15	12.25
Nondurable Goods	321.36	326.32	320.32	41.2	37.9	38.5	7.80	8.61	8.32
Textile Mill Products	330.41	265.29	264.75	46.8	37.0	37.5	7.06	7.17	7.06
Knitting Mills	254.40	234.25	246.14	40.9	35.6	39.7	6.22	6.58	6.20
Paper and Allied Products	462.12	424.09	465.35	47.3	41.7	45.4	9.77	10.17	10.25
Chemicals and Allied Products	415.29	517.10	453.18	38.1	39.9	38.7	10.90	12.96	11.71

CHATTANOOGA MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment dropped 1,100 between April and May but was up 3,000 or 1.8 percent over the year. Manufacturing employment decreased by 800 over the month with the largest decreases reported in apparel (-200) and other nondurable goods (-200). Mining and construction accounted for 200 new jobs. Government declined by 200 in May but increased by 2,200 over the year. The largest decrease of 400 occurred in retail trade.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	May 1989	Revised April 1990	Perliminary May 1990	Net Change May 1989 to May 1990	Net Change Apr. 1990 to May 1990
TOTAL	167.7	171.8	170.7	3.0	-1.1
Goods Producing	60.9	61.8	61.2	0.3	-0.6
Manufacturing	53.4	54.0	53.2	-0.2	-0.8
Durable Goods	21.7	21.4	21.2	-0.5	-0.2
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	2.1	1.9	1.8	-0.3	-0.1
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	2.5	2.3	2.4	-0.1	0.1
Primary Metal Industry and Fabricated Metal Products	4.1	3.9	3.9	-0.2	0.0
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	7.2	7.3	7.2	0.0	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	5.8	6.0	5.9	0.1	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	32.3	32.6	32.0	-0.3	-0.5
Food & Kindred Products	2.0	2.1	2.0	0.0	-0.1
Textile Mill Products	2.6	2.4	2.3	-0.3	-0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	4.3	5.3	5.1	0.8	-0.2
Paper & Allied Products and Printing & Publishing	6.0	5.8	5.8	-0.2	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	16.8	17.0	16.8	0.0	-0.2
Mining & Construction	7.5	7.8	8.0	0.5	0.2
Service Producing	106.8	110.0	109.5	2.7	-0.5
Trans., Communication, & Public Util.	6.1	6.2	6.2	0.1	0.0
Trade	38.4	38.6	38.2	-0.2	-0.4
Wholesale Trade	7.3	7.1	7.1	-0.2	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	3.7	3.6	3.6	-0.1	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	3.7	3.5	3.5	-0.2	0.0
Retail Trade	31.1	31.5	31.1	0.0	-0.4
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	5.4	5.3	5.3	-0.1	0.0
Services	32.2	33.0	33.1	0.9	0.1
Government	24.5	26.9	26.7	2.2	-0.2
Federal	3.9	4.5	4.6	0.6	0.0
State & Local	20.7	22.4	22.3	1.6	-0.1
State	5.5	5.7	5.5	0.0	-0.2
Local	15.2	16.6	16.7	1.5	0.1

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

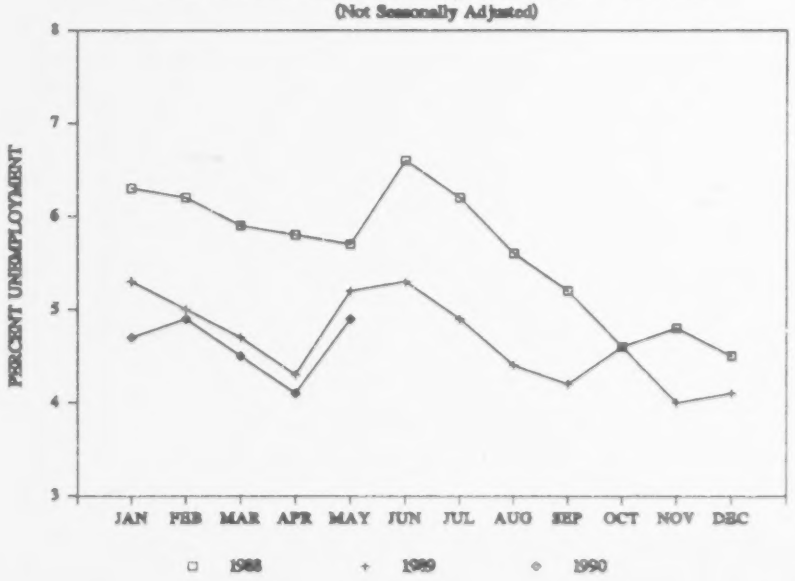
* The Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Carter, Hawkins, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington counties in Tennessee and Scott County, Washington County, and Bristol City in Virginia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS JOHNSON CITY-KINGSPORT-BRISTOL MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990
All Manufacturing	412.72	360.21	360.77	41.9	38.9	39.3	9.85	9.26	9.18
Durable Goods	380.88	341.25	359.10	42.7	38.3	38.0	8.92	8.91	9.45
Primary & Fabricated Metal Prod.	422.32	430.53	448.02	43.9	42.5	45.3	9.62	10.13	9.89
Mach. & Elec. and Electronic Equip.	369.82	307.34	314.49	41.6	36.2	33.0	8.89	8.49	9.53
Nondurable Goods	435.53	373.35	361.40	41.4	39.3	40.2	10.52	9.50	8.99
Food & Kindred Products	329.22	364.33	376.28	37.2	38.8	40.9	8.85	9.39	9.20
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	232.58	187.92	194.74	44.3	34.8	34.9	5.25	5.40	5.58

TRI-CITIES MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



KNOXVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment rose 2,000 between April and May but dropped by 1,800 over the year. Manufacturing employment decreased by 500 in May with the largest decrease of 400 reported in all other durable goods. Construction employment increased by 300 due to favorable weather. The largest employment increases over the month occurred in services (+1,200), retail trade (+800), and federal government (+400) due to seasonal factors.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	May 1989	Revised April 1990	Preliminary May 1990	Net Change May 1989 to May 1990	Net Change Apr. 1990 to May 1990
TOTAL	266.9	263.1	265.1	-1.8	2.0
Goods Producing	69.5	65.9	65.7	-3.8	-0.2
Manufacturing	52.6	49.6	49.1	-3.5	-0.5
Durable Goods	31.9	29.6	29.3	-2.6	-0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	2.5	2.2	2.1	-0.4	-0.1
Furniture & Fixtures	2.6	2.3	2.3	-0.3	0.0
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	2.1	1.9	2.1	0.0	0.2
All Other Durable Goods	23.1	21.7	21.3	-1.8	-0.4
Nondurable Goods	20.7	20.0	19.8	-0.9	-0.2
Food & Kindred Products	3.6	3.5	3.7	0.1	0.2
Textile Mill Products	2.3	1.9	1.9	-0.4	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	8.7	8.1	7.9	-0.8	-0.2
Paper, and Printing & Publishing	3.9	4.2	4.1	0.2	-0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.3	2.3	2.2	-0.1	-0.1
Mining	1.8	1.9	1.9	0.1	0.0
Construction	15.1	14.4	14.7	-0.4	0.3
Service Producing	197.5	197.2	199.4	1.9	2.2
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	11.0	10.6	10.7	-0.3	0.1
Trade	68.9	67.6	68.2	-0.7	0.6
Wholesale Trade	16.1	15.7	15.5	-0.6	-0.2
Wholesale Durable Goods	9.7	9.3	9.2	-0.5	-0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	6.4	6.4	6.3	-0.1	-0.1
Retail Trade	52.8	51.9	52.7	-0.1	0.8
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	10.1	9.9	10.0	-0.1	0.1
Services	56.9	57.5	58.7	1.8	1.2
Government	50.5	51.6	51.8	1.3	0.2
Federal	7.7	7.1	7.5	-0.2	0.4
State & Local	42.8	44.5	44.3	1.5	-0.2
State	20.2	21.2	20.8	0.6	-0.4
Local	22.6	23.3	23.4	0.8	0.1

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

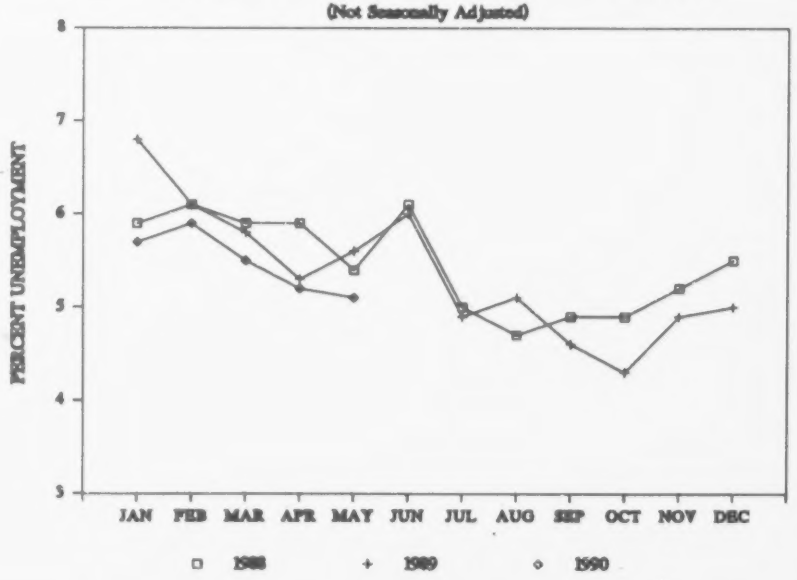
* The Knoxville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Andersen, Blount, Grainger, Jefferson, Knox, Sevier, and Union counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **KNOXVILLE MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990
All Manufacturing	362.99	307.34	328.71	39.2	36.2	37.1	9.26	8.49	8.86
Durable Goods	406.41	326.34	347.92	40.6	37.0	37.9	10.01	8.82	9.18
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	276.21	389.76	397.76	33.0	42.0	44.0	8.37	9.28	9.04
Machinery, Except Electrical	390.93	360.06	375.06	42.4	39.7	41.4	9.22	9.07	9.06
Nondurable Goods	278.10	335.46	301.68	36.4	35.2	36.0	7.64	9.53	8.38
Food and Kindred Products	298.96	299.39	331.22	40.4	36.6	37.3	7.40	8.18	8.88
Textile Mill Products	242.88	274.35	246.27	36.8	29.5	30.9	6.60	9.30	7.97
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	246.79	264.21	253.76	37.0	33.7	37.1	6.67	7.84	6.84

KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



MEMPHIS MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 1,000 between April and May and rose 6,700 during the year. Seasonal increases were experienced in mining and construction (+300), services (+500), and retail trade (+600). The retail trade and services industries made the largest job contributions since May 1989. State government decreased by 1,200 from April to May with most of the employment loss occurring in education.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	May 1989	Revised April 1990	Preliminary May 1990	Net Change May 1989 to May 1990	Net Change Apr. 1990 to May 1990
TOTAL	461.2	466.9	467.9	6.7	1.0
Goods Producing	80.4	81.6	82.0	1.6	0.4
Manufacturing	61.1	62.3	62.4	1.3	0.1
Durable Goods	27.5	27.7	28.0	0.5	0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	2.4	2.3	2.4	0.0	0.1
Sawmills & Planing Mills	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.0	0.1
Furniture & Fixtures	2.3	2.2	2.3	0.0	0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	5.8	6.0	6.0	0.2	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	6.2	5.9	5.9	-0.3	0.0
Electronic & Electric Equipment	3.7	3.9	3.9	0.2	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	7.1	7.4	7.5	0.4	0.1
Nondurable Goods	33.6	34.6	34.4	0.8	-0.2
Food & Kindred Products	7.7	7.5	7.4	-0.3	-0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	2.1	2.3	2.2	0.1	-0.1
Paper & Allied Products	7.5	8.1	8.1	0.6	0.0
Printing & Publishing	5.9	6.0	6.0	0.1	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	8.1	8.5	8.5	0.4	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.3	2.2	2.2	-0.1	0.0
Mining & Construction	19.3	19.3	19.6	0.3	0.3
Service Producing	380.8	385.3	385.9	5.1	0.6
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	47.0	46.7	46.8	-0.2	0.1
Trade	124.6	125.7	126.4	1.8	0.7
Wholesale Trade	38.7	39.0	39.1	0.4	0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	23.8	24.2	24.2	0.4	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	14.9	14.8	14.9	0.0	0.1
Retail Trade	85.9	86.7	87.3	1.4	0.6
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	26.9	26.2	26.4	0.5	0.2
Services	107.5	110.0	110.5	3.0	0.5
Government	75.8	76.7	75.8	0.0	-0.9
Federal	19.5	20.5	20.7	1.2	0.2
State & Local	56.3	56.2	55.1	-1.2	-1.1
State	13.1	14.5	13.3	0.2	-1.2
Local	43.2	41.7	41.8	-1.4	0.1

Estimates includes all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding.

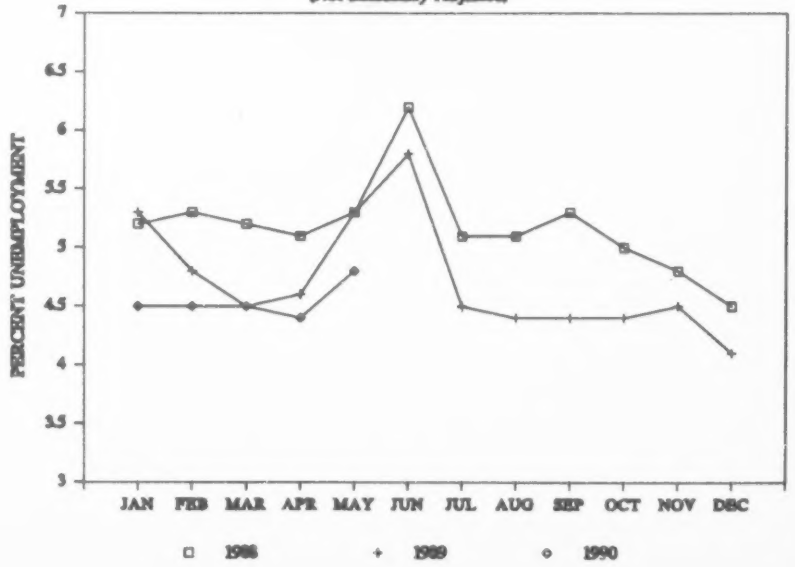
* The Memphis Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Shelby and Tipton counties in Tennessee, Crittenden County in Arkansas, and De Soto County in Mississippi.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **MEMPHIS MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990
All Manufacturing	396.74	376.74	382.76	42.1	38.6	39.5	9.40	9.76	9.69
Durable Goods	367.38	296.85	317.58	41.7	35.2	37.1	8.81	8.49	8.56
Lumber and Wood Products	220.22	220.78	236.51	36.4	38.0	38.9	6.05	5.81	6.08
Furniture and Fixtures	263.95	284.93	277.83	43.7	38.4	37.8	6.04	7.42	7.35
Nondurable Goods	423.87	450.19	443.69	42.6	41.8	41.7	9.95	10.77	10.64
Food and Kindred Products	377.95	391.96	380.19	42.9	43.6	43.6	8.81	8.99	8.72
Paper and Allied Products	481.30	500.82	478.25	44.4	41.7	41.3	10.84	12.01	11.58
Chemicals and Allied Prod.	480.48	552.10	561.15	42.9	42.6	43.0	11.20	12.96	13.05

MEMPHIS MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



NASHVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased 1,400 between April and May but decreased by 500 over the year. Manufacturing employment increased by 500 with the largest increase of 200 reported in fabricated metal products. The largest employment increase over the month occurred in federal government (+900) due to the hiring of census workers. During the year retail trade dropped 4,800 jobs, but this was offset by an increase of 4,800 jobs in services.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	May 1989	Revised April 1990	Preliminary May 1990	Net Change May 1989 to May 1990	Net Change Apr. 1990 to May 1990
TOTAL	496.2	494.3	495.7	-0.5	1.4
Goods Producing	115.7	113.9	114.3	-1.4	0.4
Manufacturing	90.6	89.8	90.3	-0.3	0.5
Durable Goods	51.7	50.3	50.7	-1.0	0.4
Lumber & Wood Products	2.4	2.5	2.6	0.2	0.1
Furniture & Fixtures	4.0	3.8	3.8	-0.2	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	8.6	8.5	8.7	0.1	0.2
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	16.4	16.2	16.3	-0.1	0.1
Transportation Equipment	11.4	11.4	11.3	-0.1	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	8.9	7.9	8.0	-0.9	0.1
Nondurable Goods	38.9	39.5	39.6	0.7	0.1
Food & Kindred Products	7.4	7.6	7.7	0.3	0.1
Textile Mill Products	1.9	2.0	2.0	0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	3.4	3.5	3.4	0.0	-0.1
Printing & Publishing	14.0	14.0	14.1	0.1	0.1
Petroleum, Coal, & Rubber Products	5.2	5.2	5.3	0.1	0.1
Leather & Leather Products	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	5.1	5.3	5.2	0.1	-0.1
Mining & Construction	25.1	24.1	24.0	-1.1	-0.1
Service Producing	380.5	380.4	381.4	0.9	1.0
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	27.0	26.8	26.6	-0.4	-0.2
Trade	120.7	116.4	116.4	-4.3	0.0
Wholesale Trade	34.1	34.7	34.6	0.5	-0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	20.3	20.3	20.3	0.0	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	13.5	14.4	14.3	0.8	-0.1
Retail Trade	86.6	81.7	81.8	-4.8	0.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	32.6	32.1	32.3	-0.3	0.2
Services	130.4	135.0	135.2	4.8	0.2
Government	69.8	70.1	70.9	1.1	0.8
Federal	10.1	10.2	11.1	1.0	0.9
State & Local	59.7	59.9	59.8	0.1	-0.1
State	23.7	24.9	24.7	1.0	-0.2
Local	36.0	35.0	35.1	-0.9	0.1

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding.

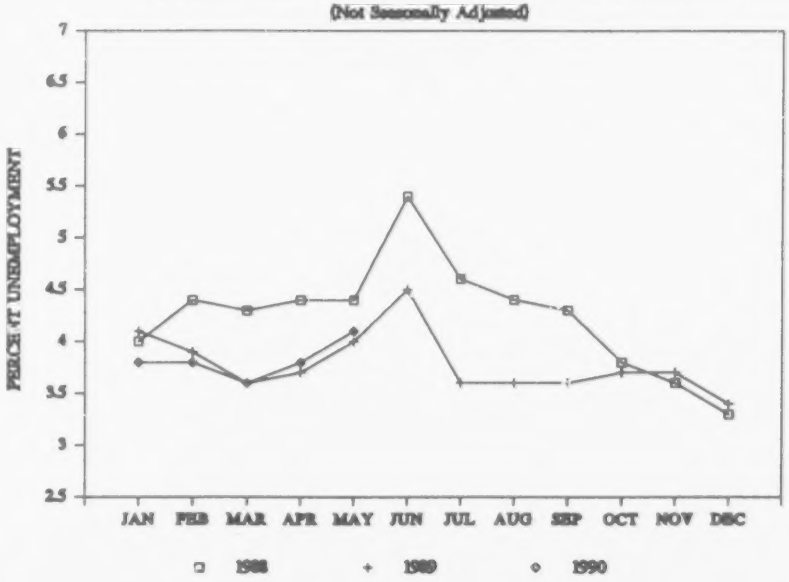
* The Nashville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Robertson, Rutherford, Sumner, Williamson, and Wilson counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — NASHVILLE MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990	May 1989	Apr. 1990	May 1990
All Manufacturing	455.20	473.80	483.00	41.8	41.2	42.0	10.89	11.50	11.50
Durable Goods	479.03	516.18	534.60	41.8	42.0	42.7	11.46	12.29	12.52
Nondurable Goods	417.83	401.37	397.55	41.7	39.7	40.9	10.02	10.11	9.72
Food and Kindred Products	443.84	417.11	428.33	42.8	40.3	40.6	10.37	10.35	10.55
Printing and Publishing	427.52	385.33	353.76	40.6	39.4	40.2	10.53	9.78	8.80

NASHVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

Group	All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers			All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers		
	UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to May 1990 from		UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to May 1990 from		MIAMI	Unadjusted percent change to May 1990 from		MIAMI	Unadjusted percent change to May 1990 from	
		May 1989	Apr. 1990		May 1989	Apr. 1990		May 1989	Mar. 1990		May 1989	Mar. 1990
All items (1982-84=100)	129.2	4.4	0.2	127.5	4.1	0.2	126.4	4.5	1.0	124.6	3.8	1.0
All items (1967=100)	386.9	-	-	379.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All items (Nov. 1977=100)	-	-	-	-	-	-	203.7	-	-	202.4	-	-
Food and beverages	131.1	5.1	0.1	130.7	5.1	0	132.4	6.8	- 1.3	132.8	6.3	- 2.1
Food	131.3	5.1	0	131.0	5.1	0.1	134.2	7.4	- 1.5	133.9	6.7	- 2.3
Food at home	130.9	5.2	- 0.2	130.4	5.2	- 0.2	129.7	5.4	- 5.4	129.8	5.2	- 5.0
Food away from home	133.0	5.0	0.4	132.8	5.0	0.4	141.2	9.1	2.4	142.3	9.0	2.3
Alcoholic beverages	128.9	4.7	0.5	128.7	4.8	0.5	117.0	2.1	0.7	116.4	1.3	0.2
Housing	127.1	4.1	0.2	125.1	4.0	0.3	119.6	3.8	3.0	119.3	3.4	2.8
Shelter	138.3	4.9	0.2	135.0	4.8	0.2	121.3	3.9	3.1	121.3	3.4	3.1
Renters' costs 1/ 2/	144.4	4.8	- 0.2	128.4	4.6	0	123.7	2.7	2.1	117.3	1.7	2.3
Rent, residential	137.3	4.3	0.2	136.8	4.3	0.3	115.6	- 0.3	2.8	115.6	- 0.3	2.8
Apparel and upkeep	125.5	4.2	- 0.9	124.7	4.4	- 0.9	132.1	2.2	- 3.3	129.6	1.3	- 3.5
Transportation	117.7	1.5	0.3	117.1	0.9	0.4	119.8	3.0	1.2	116.6	2.3	1.1
Medical care	160.8	9.0	0.6	160.8	8.7	0.6	150.1	6.8	3.5	149.0	7.3	3.7
Entertainment	131.7	4.9	0.2	130.8	4.7	0.2	119.3	1.4	0.3	120.1	1.4	0.3
Other goods & services	156.6	7.7	0.5	156.3	7.6	0.4	150.2	8.5	0.2	148.3	7.6	0.3
Purchasing power of the dollar 1982-84=$1.00	$.774	- 4.2	- 0.3	$.784	- 3.9	- 0.1	$.791	- 4.4	- 1.0	$.803	- 3.6	- 0.9

Group size	All urban consumers				Wage earners and clerical workers			
	All items	Percent change to May 1990 from --		Dec. 1977=100	All items	Percent change to May 1990 from --		Dec. 1977=100
		May 1989	Apr. 1990			May 1989	Apr. 1990	
SOUTH (1982-84=100)	126.5	4.3	0.3	205.1	125.6	3.9	0.2	203.4
Less than 50,000 pop	125.8	4.5	0.4	204.2	126.4	4.2	0.3	204.5
50,000-450,000 pop	124.5	3.8	- 0.1	201.6	124.9	3.6	- 0.1	202.1
450,000-1,200,000 pop	128.0	4.6	0.5	209.0	125.4	4.1	0.5	203.3
1,200,000 or more pop	127.1	4.2	0.2	205.1	125.9	3.8	0.2	204.0

NOTE: Effective in 1987, the frequency of publication for the Atlanta indexes was changed from bimonthly to semiannual. Because they are based on smaller samples, local area indexes are subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than national indexes. BLS strongly urges users to consider the use of national indexes in escalator agreements.

1/ United States base year is December 1982 for CPI-U, December 1984 for CPI-W.
2/ Miami base year is November 1982 for CPI-U, November 1984 for CPI-W.

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